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\$10.00 Elegant
Heavy Cloth Jackets \$

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CUT DOWN TO
\$22.00 Electric Seal Capes,
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Prices cut away down

Children's Clo

and in an equatorial climate. That this was absolutely necessary, the high lands of Africa would not be the cradle of the human race if it could be shown that it was not the high lands of Africa at the waters of the Nile and Congo rivers which it could not be were it not be equatorial regions, that even now its most active period of development of the negro race, which has passed its zenith of development on the highlands of Africa. The African high lands are new as to the equator as the high lands of Asia and the Americas, developed, and Central Africa was rated as to the earth's equator as Asia now.

Identified Egypt was the first of modern geologic time where civilization developed and this accords with the equatorial change and with the bordered by Solon and Hipparchus who is so favored by location as to evidence a change at least ten times more destroy the human race, posed equatorial change would have little effect on the country's

REMARKABLE PROPOSITION

Congressman Philip A. La Follette offers to Pay \$250,000 Expenses of a Labor Commission

Washington, Jan. 5.—Representative

Phillips, of Pennsylvania, has expressed a willingness to pay a quarter of a million of dollars out of his own pocket to meet the expense of the late mission, if congress will authorize the creation of the commission in accordance with the terms of a bill he has introduced. This show of earnestness has drawn such favorable attention to the merits of Mr. Phillips' bill that it has secured the support of the man McGann, of the labor union.

He appointed a special sub-committee, representative of Erman, of Pennsylvania, at its head, to compare the bill with the existing Pennsylvania measure. The attention of Labor Commissioner Wright has also been directed to it, together with the government of protecting the groves against the ravages of the locust. As a result the bill for nationalization of labor difficulties is for the time being held in abeyance while the efforts of the Phillips bill are being carried on. Phillips' bill has been introduced in congress, and while his success has been modestly made, there is no doubt of his willingness and ability to execute it.

the result of much careful study. Phillips has given the subject, it is that the country is not yet ready for the many industrial reforms the best form or remedy is not apparent. He therefore proposes a bill that a commission of experts consider the many plans of reform proposed; sifting the good from the bad and ascertaining the most feasible to be recommended to the

The commission is to be non-partisan and to consider legislation to solve the problem of labor, agriculture and immigration. The commission is headed by the president of investors representing labor, five representatives of agriculture and five representatives of immigration. Each group chose two more members, seven in each group and twenty-five in all. The commission is to meet in Washington, elect its own officers and to have the power to call on the government to have the services of labor and agriculture. The bill also provides for the organization of a commission to investigate questions relating to immigration, to labor, agriculture and to business and industry. It may seem best upon these a few lines to give you some information.

various States in order to have conflicting interests and to be equal to the laborer, the employer, the producer and the consumer. The decision shall receive petitions and reasonable time for hearings or for presenting to its duties, it deemed necessary. It may sub-commission or commissions to investigate in any part of the States, and it shall be allowed for the same."

The expenses of the large number commissioners, clerks, stenographers, etc., proposed in the bill, has raised a question as to whether it has brought out Mr. Phillips'

protect the government to the ex-
\$26,000 out of his own pocket. A
of the committee of officers and en-
tee having the bill in charge ap-
consider the bill and perhaps
hearings on it at an early day.

BLIND WILL KEEP AWAY

The Silver Champion of Missouri Wishes to Keep the Colored People Out of the State House

Caucus With the Democrats.
Washington, Jan. 5.—There ap-
be little or no opposition to the
state house caucus on the cau-
of the colored people. After con-
ported to-day that some Southern
bers would refuse to enter the cau-
to be bound by its action. Mr. H.
chairman of the committee, said:
"I think the attendance will be
even though some members may
entirely agree with the sentiment
expressed by Mr. H. and some
of the caucus is for conf-
and advice and does not bind me
to action by their vote?"
Chairman of the House of the cu-
committee, said he had heard of
position to the caucus. He thought
following was generally in favor
of the colored people. He had
signed the request for a caucus. I
would not attend. He said he be-
lieved in caucuses as leading to bring men
together, but not as a means of
course of action they did not pers-
approve.

[illegible]